Privacy & Access Office

Cancer Care Ontario **Action Cancer** Ontario

Principles and Policies for the Protection of Personal Health Information at Cancer Care Ontario ("CCO's Privacy Policy")

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List of Abbreviations

ALR Activity Level Reporting

ATC Access To Care

ATP Annotated Tumour Project
CCO Cancer Care Ontario
CEO Chief Executive Officer

CIHI Canadian Institute for Health Information

CIO Chief Information Officer

CIRT Colonoscopy Interim Reporting Tool Database

CPO Chief Privacy Officer

CSP Cancer Screening Program
CTO Chief Technology Officer
DAD Discharge Abstract Database

ERNI Emergency Room National Ambulatory Reporting System Initiative

HIC Health Information Custodian

ICES Institute for Clinical Evaluative Sciences

IPC Information and Privacy Commissioner / Ontario

IT Information Technology

MOHLTC Ministry of Health and Long-Term Care

MOU Memorandum of Understanding

NACRS National Ambulatory Care Reporting System

NDFP New Drug Funding Program

OOP Out of Province

ORN Ontario Renal Network

PET Positron Emission Topography
PHI Personal Health Information

PHIPA Personal Health Information Protection Act, 2004 (Ontario)

PIA Privacy Impact Assessment

PIMS Pathology Information Management System
PPCIP Provincial Palliative Care Integration Project

REB Research Ethics Board

RPDB Registered Persons Data Base

SCT Stem Cell Transplant

WTIO Wait Time Information Office WTIS Wait Time Information System

INTRODUCTION

Background and Overview

ABOUT CANCER CARE ONTARIO

Cancer Care Ontario (CCO) works to improve cancer control and ensure patients receive better cancer care. CCO's mission is to improve the performance of the cancer system by driving quality, accountability and innovation in all cancer-related services. The agency's vision is to work together to create the best cancer system in the world.

As the provincial agency responsible for continually improving cancer services, and the government's cancer advisor, CCO:

- Directs and oversees more than \$850 million in funding for hospitals and other cancer care providers to deliver high quality, timely cancer services and to improve access to care;
- Implements provincial cancer prevention and screening programs designed to reduce cancer risks and raise screening participation rates;
- Works with cancer care professionals and organizations to develop and implement quality improvements and standards;
- Uses electronic information and technology to support health professionals and patient self-care and to continually improve the safety, quality, efficiency, accessibility and accountability of cancer services:
- Plans cancer services to meet current and future patient needs, and works with health care
 providers in every Local Health Integration Network to continually improve cancer care for the
 people they serve; and
- Rapidly transfers new research into improvements and innovations in clinical practice and cancer service delivery.

CCO's operations and activities are guided by the following principles: transparency, equity, evidence-based, performance oriented, active engagement and value for money.

Formally launched and funded by the provincial government in 1997, CCO is governed by legislation called *The Cancer Act*. As an operational service agency of government, CCO is accountable to the Ministry of Health and Long-Term Care (MOHLTC). The details of this relationship with the Ministry are laid out in a formal Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) that was signed in December 2009.

Multi-Service Agency

In addition to cancer, CCO has other core lines of business including supporting and hosting the provincial Access to Care (ATC – the Government of Ontario's Wait Times Information Strategy). We have also worked with renal leadership in Ontario to launch the newly formed Ontario Renal Network (ORN), as well as special access programs such as Positron Emission Topography (PET) for uninsured indications. These activities are mandated through separate accountability agreements between CCO and the Ministry.

Personal Health Information

CCO collects PHI as defined under *PHIPA*, from healthcare organizations and professionals (also known as health information custodians, or HICs) that are directly involved in the care and treatment of patients. CCO uses this information to plan, fund and report on the performance of our roles in the

healthcare system. Information is also used to facilitating and improving the provision of healthcare services for Ontarians. For example data are used to:

- calculate survival rates,
- estimate cancer and chronic kidney disease incidence and demand for services,
- report wait times for radiation, chemotherapy, and cancer surgery,
- report on the quality of cancer services in Ontario,
- develop clinical guidelines,
- reimburse hospitals for specific cancer drugs,
- manage CCO's Cancer Screening Program,
- advise the MOHLTC on healthcare issues,
- create outreach programs that support early screening activities for the population, and
- support research by CCO scientists and research associates.

PHI is disclosed by CCO, as authorized by law, to organizations such as the Institute of Clinical and Evaluative Sciences (ICES), the Canadian Institute for Health Information (CIHI), Statistics Canada, health information custodians, and to researchers who comply with research requirements set out in *PHIPA*.

All disclosures of PHI must comply with CCO's Data Use and Disclosure Standard.

For more information about CCO and its information management practices please see our web site at www.cancercare.on.ca or contact:

CCO Privacy & Access Office
Cancer Care Ontario
620 University Avenue
Toronto, ON M5G 2L7
Telephone: 416.217.1816

privacyandaccessoffice@cancercare.on.ca

Individuals may also submit any concern or complaint about CCO's information practices to the Information and Privacy Commissioner / Ontario (IPC) by contacting:

Information and Privacy Commissioner/Ontario 2 Bloor Street East, Suite 1400 Toronto, ON M4W 1A8

Telephone: 416.326.3333 or 1.800.387.0073

TDD/TTY: 416.325.7539 FAX: 416.325.9125

www.ipc.on.ca

Legislative Authorities

CCO is a provincial government agency responsible to the MOHLTC. CCO is governed by the *Cancer Act*. CCO's mandate is also determined pursuant to a MOU between CCO and the MOHLTC.

A Prescribed Entity

CCO is subject to Ontario's health information privacy legislation, *PHIPA*. In the accompanying Regulations to *PHIPA*, CCO is established as a 'prescribed entity' under section 45 of the Act. This means that CCO has authority to collect, use and disclose PHI for the purposes of health system planning and management.

A Prescribed Registry

CCO is also designated as a "prescribed person" under *PHIPA* with respect to CCO's role in compiling and maintaining the Ontario Cancer Screening Registry ("prescribed registry") as part of Ontario's Cancer Screening Program (**CSP**). This designation grants CCO the authority to collect, use and disclose PHI, without consent, for the purpose of *facilitating or improving the provision of healthcare*.

As a prescribed entity under section 45 of *PHIPA* and a prescribed person under section 39(1)(c) of *PHIPA*, CCO is subject to oversight by the IPC and must have its information practices reviewed and approved every three years by their Office. This review process provides the public with the assurance that CCO's information management practices comply with *PHIPA* and with standards of practice expected from the IPC. CCO's information practices were last formally reviewed and approved by the IPC in respect of the prescribed entity and the prescribed registry, in October 2011. The next IPC review is scheduled to be completed in 2014.

CCO's Privacy Program

CCO is committed to respecting personal privacy, safeguarding confidential information and ensuring the security of PHI within its custody. CCO meets this commitment through its Privacy Program. This Program is overseen by the Chief Privacy Officer (CPO), who reports directly to CCO's President & Chief Executive Officer (CEO). The CPO is supported in carrying out her responsibilities by a network of individuals and committees with specific privacy and security related responsibilities, including:

- A Director, Privacy & Access, who is responsible for the day-to-day operation of privacy processes within CCO and compliance with CCO privacy policies.
- Privacy Specialists who report to the Director, Privacy & Access, and support CCO's Privacy Program.
- Data Stewards, each associated with a specific data-holding, who are responsible for authorizing both internal and external requests for access to CCO data.
- Business Unit Privacy Leads who are responsible for ensuring that the CCO Privacy Program is implemented in their Business Units.
- A Facilities Manager who is responsible for ensuring the physical integrity of CCO premises.
- Systems Security Specialists who report to the Chief Technology Officer (CTO), and oversee IT security safeguards for CCO data.
- A Core Privacy & Security Committee composed of the CPO, Privacy & Access Office staff, Enterprise Information Security Office staff, and key members of CCO's information management team, which provides advice and consultation to the CPO on specific privacy topics.
- A Data Access Committee, supported by an Information Management Coordinator, which is ultimately responsible for reviewing and approving requests for access to CCO data by researchers.

Key components of CCO's Privacy Program include:

- CCO's Privacy Policy and procedures;
- a privacy network comprised of individuals and committees, as described above;
- an employee privacy training, communications and awareness program;
- a privacy audit and compliance program; and
- privacy impact assessments on existing and proposed CCO data holdings.

CCO's Privacy & Access Office is responsible for developing, implementing, and enforcing CCO's Privacy Policy and related policies, standards and procedures.

CCO's Privacy Policy

PHIPA governs CCO's collection, use, and disclosure, of PHI. PHIPA is based on the 10 privacy principles set out in the Canadian Standards Association Model Code for the Protection of Personal Information ("CSA Model Code"). The CSA Model Code, which became recognized as a national standard for privacy protection in 1996, is used across Canada as the basis for health information privacy legislation, policies and procedures. The CSA Model Code includes the following 10 principles:

- Accountability
- Identifying Purposes
- Consent
- Limiting Collection
- Limiting Use, Disclosure and Retention
- Accuracy
- Safeguards
- Openness
- Individual Access
- Challenging Compliance

CCO's Privacy Policy is structured around these 10 privacy principles. This Policy provides a general statement of CCO's position on each of the principles. Each principle is accompanied by related documents that provide additional information on how the principle is operationalized and implemented by at CCO.

The principles and related documents presented in CCO's Privacy Policy reflect:

- CCO's role as a Section 45 prescribed entity under *PHIPA*,
- CCO's role as a Section 39(1)(c) prescribed person under PHIPA
- current best practices in privacy and data protection, and
- current information practices at CCO.

CCO's Privacy Policy will continue to evolve over time to reflect current best practices in privacy and data protection and as CCO's program responsibilities evolve.

Scope of CCO's Privacy Policy

This Policy applies to CCO and all of its agents in respect of CCO's capacity as a Section 45 prescribed entity and a Section 39(1)(c) prescribed person under *PHIPA* and to the data holdings which CCO operates in this capacity as provided in Appendices B and C.

This Policy does not apply to CCO affiliated researchers conducting research studies under the authority of section 44 of *PHIPA*. Nor does it apply to CCO as an IT Service Provider which operates under a separate privacy policy posted on CCO's website (www.cancercare.on.ca).

PRINCIPLE 1: Accountability for PHI

CCO is responsible for ensuring that the PHI within its custody is managed in accordance with *PHIPA*. CCO's President & CEO is ultimately accountable for ensuring that this occurs at CCO.

Principles	Related Documents
Principle 1.1 Delegation of responsibilities Accountability for CCO's compliance with applicable privacy legislation rests with the President & CEO.	CCO Privacy Organizational Chart CCO Privacy Governance Framework
The CEO may delegate an individual to act on his behalf and, accordingly, names the CPO, who reports directly to the CEO, to be responsible for CCO's Privacy Program.	
Principle 1.2 CCO's Privacy Policy CCO's Privacy Policy complies with PHIPA. If there is a discrepancy between the Policy and PHIPA, PHIPA takes precedence.	CCO Privacy Audit and Compliance Standard CCO Privacy Governance Framework
CCO's Privacy Policy is reviewed annually to ensure that it reflects current legislation and practices at CCO.	
CCO's Board of Directors will approve any substantive changes to CCO's Privacy Policy.	
Principle 1.3 Implementation of CCO's Privacy Policy CCO's Privacy Policy is implemented throughout the organization using appropriate means to ensure that CCO employees understand and apply the CCO privacy policies in their daily work.	CCO Privacy and Security Training and Awareness Procedure CCO Privacy Governance Framework CCO Data Steward Terms of Reference CCO Privacy Lead Terms of Reference CCO Data Access Committee Terms of Reference CCO Privacy Audit and Compliance Standard CCO Information Security Policy
The CPO is assisted in implementing CCO privacy policies by the Privacy & Access Office.	
Principle 1.4 Consultants, contractors and third party service providers ("Third-Parties") CCO is responsible for PHI that is used by Third-Parties acting on behalf of CCO.	Template Consulting Agreement CCO Confidentiality Policy CCO Statement of Confidentiality CCO Data Use and Disclosure Standard
CCO uses contractual or other means to ensure that a comparable level of protection is applied when PHI is handled by Third-Parties.	

PRINCIPLE 2: Identifying Purposes for PHI

Consistent with CCO's designation as a section 45 prescribed entity under *PHIPA*, its authority under the *Cancer Act*, and its Memorandum of Understanding with the MOHLTC, CCO collects PHI from HICs and other entities for the purposes of health system planning and management.

CCO also collects information pursuant to section 39(1)(c) which permits a prescribed person to collect information in compiling and maintaining the Ontario Cancer Screening Registry (OCSR) as part of the CSP.

Principles	Related Documents
Principle 2.1 Documentation of purposes CCO documents the purposes for which it collects PHI for each of its data holdings, and makes these purposes known to entities that disclose PHI to CCO.	List of CCO Data Holdings (Appendices B and C)
 The CCO Business Unit is responsible for: creating a statement of purposes for data holdings under their responsibility, ensuring the statement of purposes is up to date 	
 ensuring a copy of the approved statement is provided to the Privacy & Access Office for inclusion in privacy- related documentation and the List of CCO Data Holdings. 	
Principle 2.2 Notification CCO encourages and supports "primary data collectors", HICs and other organizations, in making the purposes for which PHI is disclosed to CCO known to individuals who provide such PHI.	CCO Statement of Information Practices CCO Privacy FAQs CSP Privacy FAQs
The CPO will ensure that a Statement of Information Practices is published and made available to primary data custodians who disclose PHI to CCO, so that they may use this information in their notification practices.	
Principle 2.3 Staff awareness CCO employees are aware of the purposes for which PHI is collected for the data holding(s) associated with their Business Unit.	List of CCO Data Holdings (Appendices B and C) CCO Privacy Lead Terms of Reference CCO Privacy Training and Awareness Procedure
CCO Privacy Leads will be responsible for ensuring Business Unit staff are aware of the purposes for which PHI is collected.	

PRINCIPLE 3: Knowledge and Consent for the Collection, Use or Disclosure of PHI

CCO collects PHI in accordance with the authorities set out in PHIPA.

Pursuant to section 45 and 39(1)(c)of *PHIPA*, CCO uses information disclosed to it by primary data collectors, without the consent of the patient for programs which support planning and management for, as well as facilitation of the healthcare system.

CCO ensures that its information management practices are easily accessible to primary data collectors and the public.

Principles	Related Documents
Principle 3.1 Knowledge and consent The primary data collector is responsible for complying with the knowledge and consent components of <i>PHIPA</i> . However for the CSP, CCO takes a consent based approach to program correspondence (i.e. invitations, results, notifications and screening reminders)	CCO Statement of Information Practices List of CCO Data Holdings (Appendices B and C) CCO Privacy FAQs (posted on website) CSP Privacy FAQs CSP Participant Information Form
CCO will facilitate this awareness by providing both primary data collectors and the public with information related to the authority and purpose for CCO's collection, use and disclosure of PHI.	

PRINCIPLE 4: Limiting Collection of PHI

CCO limits the collection of PHI to that which is necessary for identified purposes and in accordance with the requirements set out in *PHIPA*.

Principles	Related Documents
Principle 4.1 Limiting collection The PHI collected by CCO will be limited to that which is necessary to fulfill the purposes identified for each data holding. This process may be informed by Program Areas or advisory committees, and may further be guided by data sharing agreements between CCO and other entities. Where a data sharing agreement is required,	CCO Data Sharing Agreement Standard CCO Data Sharing Agreement Procedure CCO Data Sharing Agreement Template CCO Data Sharing Agreement Initiation form CCO Privacy Impact Assessment Standard List of CCO Data Holdings (Appendices B and C)
 the CCO Privacy Manager/Specialist will ensure the agreement includes: a statement of the authority and purpose for the collection, and a description of data elements required for the collection. 	
Principle 4.2 Data elements not required Where data elements are disclosed to CCO by a data provider that fall outside the purposes identified for a data holding, the CCO Privacy Manager/Specialist will work with the business lead and the data provider to return or destroy the unnecessary data elements, so as to minimize the data elements required to meet the purposes of the identified for a data holding.	List of CCO Data Holdings (Appendices B and C)

PRINCIPLE 5: Use, Disclosure and Retention of PHI

CCO only uses and discloses PHI for the purposes for which it was collected, or as permitted or required by law. CCO will not use and disclose PHI if other information, namely de-identified or aggregate information, will serve the purpose.

PHI is retained as long as necessary to fulfill the purposes of the data holding and in accordance with *PHIPA*. Generally, given CCO's role as a prescribed entity and prescribed registry PHI will be retained indefinitely to support retrospective analysis for the purposes of planning and management of the provincial healthcare system and to support **OCSR**.

Principles	Related Documents
Principle 5.1 Use of PHI CCO uses data for the purposes of planning and management of the provincial healthcare system, including: • determining key indicators such as survival rates, wait times, disease incidence and the demand for services; • creating reports to advise the MOHLTC; • reimbursing hospitals for various services and programs; and • managing screening and prevention programs. Principle 5.2 Data access – CCO	List of CCO Data Holdings (Appendices B and C) CCO Privacy Impact Assessment Standard CCO Data Use and Disclosure CCO Data Use and Disclosure
employees CCO employees, Third-Parties and volunteers, are authorized to access PHI on a "need-to-know" basis only where it is required to perform official CCO duties. CCO prohibits the access to or use of more PHI than is reasonably necessary to meet the identified purpose. CCO has appropriate processes to be followed upon termination or cessation of the employment, contractual, or other relationship to ensure access privileges are terminated and CCO property is returned.	CCO Privacy and Security Training and Awareness Procedure CCO Confidentiality Policy CCO Statement of Confidentiality CCO Direct Data Access Procedure CCO Direct Data Access Audit Procedure CSP Access Control Procedure CCO Employee Exit Process
Principle 5.3 Data disclosure All data disclosures, including the disclosure of identifiable record level data, de-identified record level data or aggregate data, to persons external and internal to CCO must comply with CCO's Data Use and Disclosure Standard and where required by PHIPA.	CCO Business Process for Data Requests CCO Decision Criteria for Data Requests CCO De-Identification Guidelines CCO Data Use and Disclosure Standard CCO Data Access Committee Terms of Reference CCO Data Sharing Agreement Standard CCO Data Sharing Agreement Procedure CCO Data Sharing Agreement Template

Principles	Related Documents
 Where a data sharing agreement is required, the agreement must include: a statement of the authority and purpose for the disclosure; and a description of data elements disclosed to the persons external to CCO. 	CCO Guideline on Fax Transmission CCO Information Classification and Handling Standard
Principle 5.4 Data linkage CCO performs data linkage for planning and management purposes. The CSP performs data linkage for identifying eligible population for screening as well as to conduct planning and management activities.	CCO Data Linkage Policy CCO Data Linkage Procedure
Principle 5.5 Data retention CCO retains all mediums of PHI for as long as is required to fulfill the business purpose.	CCO Data Steward Terms of Reference (to be developed) CCO Policy on Retention of Records Containing PHI
CCO holds each data holding containing PHI "separate and apart" from CCO's other data holdings (<i>i.e.</i> , held in a separate database within the same database management system).	CCO Information Security Policy CCO Business Continuity Plan CCO Business Continuity Service Framework CCO Disaster Recovery Plan
 The Data Steward is responsible for maintaining an inventory of data holdings that includes information on: the format of the data (paper or electronic); its physical location; the time span of the data; and secure destruction of data when it is no longer required. 	
Principle 5.6 Data destruction All records of PHI, including records of PHI in paper format and in electronic format, no longer required to fulfill the identified purpose, must be destroyed in a secure manner.	CCO Enterprise Information Security Policy CCO Information Security Code of Conduct CCO Template Agreement for Third Party Service Providers CCO Operational Security Standard CCO DBAN Disk Wipe Procedure CCO Digital Media Disposal Guideline CCO Hard Copy PHI Disposal Procedure

PRINCIPLE 6: Accuracy of PHI

CCO maintains the accuracy of PHI as necessary for the activities it conducts in support of its planning and management mandate and to support its activities for OCSR.

Principles	Related Documents
 Principle 6.1 CCO data quality program CCO uses PHI as necessary for activities related to: Planning and management to support healthcare system Facilitate and improve the provision of healthcare The CIO is responsible for establishing a CCO data quality program, practices and processes appropriate to CCO's programs and services. The CCO Business Unit, in conjunction with the Corporate Data Quality Team and consistent with CCO's data quality program, will determine the appropriate data submission specifications and other related requirements for the data holdings in their area, and convey these to respective primary data collectors and others with access to the data. 	CCO Data Steward Terms of Reference CSP Participant Information Form
The Data Steward or program lead for the data holding is responsible for ensuring compliance with established data quality practices and processes. Some CCO programs, such as CSP will allow individuals to correct the data that applies to them, upon the receipt of the appropriate written authorization.	

PRINCIPLE 7: Safeguards for PHI

CCO has physical, administrative and technical systems in place to safeguard PHI in its custody against loss, theft, unauthorized access, disclosure, copying, use, or modification.

The nature of the safeguards corresponds to the sensitivity of the information collected; the amount, distribution and format of the information; and the method of storage.

Principles	Related Documents
Principle 7.1 Physical safeguards CCO provides a secure physical environment for the equipment on which PHI is stored and for the employees who use PHI.	CCO Physical Security Policy CCO Access Card Procedure CCO Visitor Access Policy CCO Video Monitoring Policy
 The Facilities Manager is responsible for ensuring, that: the physical premises are secure; there is controlled access to CCO offices; employees are provided with appropriate identification; visitors are appropriately screened and authorized to be on the premises; and video surveillance is used for forensics purposes and is not monitored. Some operational areas which process PHI may require restricted access with a secondary level of access controls 	

Principles	Related Documents
Principle 7.2 Administrative safeguards – contracts and agreements and processes CCO uses confidentiality agreements to reinforce employee and Third-Party understanding of their responsibility to protect PHI and to create a culture of privacy at CCO.	CCO Confidentiality Policy CCO Statement of Confidentiality CCO Template Third Party Service Provider Agreement CCO Privacy Lead Terms of Reference
 The CPO will ensure that there are adequate processes in place to ensure that: appropriate confidentiality agreements and privacy & security training programs in place; appropriate contracts in place with data providers and Third-Parties; and appropriate contracts in place with disposal firms for the secure destruction of paper records containing PHI 	
 The Privacy Lead in each Business Unit is responsible for: monitoring and regularly reviewing and testing the effectiveness of safeguards in their Business Unit. 	
Policy 7.3 Administrative safeguards - privacy training and awareness CCO requires all employees, third parties, researchers, students and volunteers, working for, or on behalf of CCO, to be aware of the importance of maintaining the confidentiality of PHI through its privacy and security training and awareness program. Specifically, where Third-Parties support CCO activities and require access to CCO systems they are subject to the same privacy and security training requirements as CCO employees.	CCO Privacy and Security Training and Awareness Procedure CCO Privacy and Security Acknowledgement form CCO Information Security Code of Conduct
Policy 7.4 Administrative safeguards - privacy impact assessments, privacy risk management, and change management CCO requires that PIAs, including, as appropriate, security analyses and threat risk assessments, be completed for any purposes as listed in the Privacy Impact Assessment Standard.	CCO Privacy Impact Assessment Standard CCO Privacy Risk Management Policy CCO Privacy Risk Management Framework CCO Change Management Policy
CCO also has a comprehensive privacy risk management program to ensure privacy risks are identified, mitigated and responsibly managed.	

Principles	Related Documents
Policy 7.5 Technical safeguards CCO adopts industry standards and tests its systems to ensure PHI in its custody, and the equipment and communication systems utilized by CCO are secure.	CCO Information Security Policy CCO Logging, Monitoring and Auditing Standard CCO Logical Access Control Standard CCO Information Classification and Handling Standard CCO Information Classification and Handling Guideline
	CCO Cryptography Standard

PRINCIPLE 8: Openness about the Management of PHI

CCO makes information available to primary data collectors, the public and other stakeholders about its policies and practices relating to the management of PHI.

Principles	Related Documents
Principle 8.1 Availability of information CCO makes information about its policies and practices for the collection, use and disclosure of PHI freely available, in paper and electronic form.	CCO Statement of Information Practices CCO Privacy FAQs CSP Privacy FAQs CCO external website Privacy page List of CCO and CSP Data Holdings (Appendices B and C)
 The Privacy & Access Office ensures that the following are publicly available: general information on CCO's privacy practices; descriptions of CCO's data holdings of PHI; and contact information for CCO's Privacy & Access Office. 	CCO Privacy Inquiries and Complaints Procedure

PRINCIPLE 9: Individual Access to and Amendment of PHI

Under *PHIPA*, CCO is not obligated to grant individuals access to, or correction of, their records. Persons requesting access to, or correction of, their records will be directed to the HIC who originally provided care and/or collected their health information. Exceptions may be made in accordance with the following policy.

Principles	Related Documents
Principle 9.1 PHIPA Section 45 and PHIPA Section 39(1)(c) CCO does not hold an individual's full health record and CCO employees are not medical practitioners involved in interpreting medical information for individuals.	CCO Access and Correction Procedure CSP Participant Information Form
As CCO is not the primary data collector, all requests for access to or corrections of an individual's health record(s) will be directed to the HIC directly involved in their care and treatment.	
However, the CSP will provide individuals with an opportunity to update information that pertains to them, such as address or telephone number which is stored in the OCSR for cancer screening correspondence purposes.	
Principle 9.2 Exceptions Exceptions may be made to granting individuals access to their records in special circumstances, for example where: • an individual (or authorized next-of-kin) is researching the individual's family's cancer history, or • a genetic counselor is researching an individual's family's cancer history on behalf of the individual, or • no other source of the record is available.	CCO Access and Correction Procedure

PRINCIPLE 10: Complaints About CCO's Handling of PHI

Any individual can challenge CCO's information practices and its handling of PHI.

Principles	Related Documents
Principles	Related Documents
Principle 10.1 Complaints related to CCO's information practices Any person may submit a concern or complaint regarding CCO's information practices or the purposes for which PHI is collected to CCO's Privacy & Access Office. They can do so by writing to:	CCO Privacy Inquiries and Complaints Procedure CCO Statement of Information Practices CCO Privacy FAQs CSP Privacy FAQs
CCO Privacy & Access Office Cancer Care Ontario 620 University Avenue Toronto, ON M5G 2L7	
or by emailing: privacyandaccessoffice@cancercare.on.ca	
All complaints will be reviewed. A log of complaints will be maintained by the Privacy & Access Office	
A person may also submit a concern or complaint to the IPC. They can do so by writing to:	
Information and Privacy Commissioner/Ontario 2 Bloor Street East, Suite 1400 Toronto, ON M4W 1A8	
Principle 10.2 Privacy breach Any privacy breach, suspected privacy breach, or privacy risk will be investigated according to the relevant Privacy Breach Management Procedure by the Privacy & Access Office.	CCO Privacy Breach Management Procedure CCO Health Information Network Provider (HINP) Privacy Policy
A log of privacy breaches, suspected privacy breaches, and privacy risks will be maintained by the Privacy & Access Office.	
Policy 10.3 Whistleblower protection CCO extends "whistleblower" protection to CCO staff, consultants and contractors who (a) report privacy breaches, suspected privacy breaches, or privacy risks or (b) refuse to perform a transaction that they believe will result in a privacy breach or a privacy risk.	CCO Privacy Breach Management Procedure

APPENDIX A

DEFINITIONS

Aggregate Data means summed and/or categorized data that is analyzed and placed in a format that precludes further analysis (i.e. in tables or graphs) to prevent the chance of revealing an individual's identity; individual record cannot be reconstructed. Aggregate data does not include PHI.¹

CSA Model Code: CCO's Privacy Policy is based on the 10 privacy principles set out in the Canadian Standards Association *Model Code for the Protection of Personal Information ("CSA Model Code"*).²

Collect has the meaning set out in section 2 of *PHIPA*. In relation to PHI, "**collect**" means to gather, acquire, receive or obtain the information by any means from any source, and "**collection**" has a corresponding meaning.

Data Element is a category used to identify a data type.

Data Holding is a full collection of data, categorized by data element, and relied upon to support specific business purposes.

Data Linkage is the process by which personal health information about an individual from one data holding is combined with that of another data holding, to create new information about the individual, which may include new PHI.

Data Provider is any person from whom CCO collects one or more Data Set(s).

Data Set means a subset of a Data Holding made up of populated Data Elements, which could be Identifiable Record-Level Data, De-identified Record-Level Data, Aggregate Data or Published Data.

Data Sharing Agreement (DSA) means an agreement which outlines the terms and conditions for a data exchange, which may include the disclosure of one or more Data Sets by CCO to an External Party, or the collection of one or more Data Sets by CCO from an External Party.

Data Steward is a person who is accountable for ensuring that privacy, security, and data quality requirements are met for data holdings under his/her stewardship and for maintaining an inventory of all CCO data holdings. A Data Steward will be assigned for each data holding to monitor all uses of PHI and ensure the uses are consistent with CCO's mandate and the purposes for the data holding.

Disclose has the meaning set out in section 2 of *PHIPA*. In relation to PHI in the custody or under the control of a HIC or other person such as CCO, "disclose" means to make the information available or to release it to another HIC or to another person, but does not include to use the information, and "disclosure" has a corresponding meaning.

External Party means (a) a person that has requested a data set from CCO for transfer to the person; or (b) a person from which CCO has requested a data set, for transfer to CCO. An external party may include CCO, in its capacity as a prescribed entity under section 45 of *PHIPA*, where it is transferring a data set to or from CCO in its capacity as a prescribed registry under section 39(1)(c) of *PHIPA*. An external party may also include CCO, in its capacity as a prescribed registry, where it is transferring a data set to or from CCO in its capacity as a prescribed entity.

March 1996.

² Canadian Standards Association, "CAN/CSA – Q830-96, Model Code for the Protection of Personal Information,"

See the CCO Data Use and Disclosure Standard

Health Information Custodian (HIC) is a listed individual or organization under section 3 of *PHIPA* that, as a result of their power or duties, has custody of personal health information. Examples of health information custodians include:

- Health care practitioners (i.e. doctors, nurses, pharmacists, psychologists, and dentists);
- Hospitals (public or private);
- Psychiatric facilities;
- Pharmacies:
- Laboratories:
- Nursing homes and long-term care facilities;
- Retirement homes and homes for special care;
- Community Access Centres;
- Ambulance services;
- Ministry of Health and Long-Term Care.

Information and Privacy Commissioner / Ontario (IPC): The Commissioner plays a crucial role under *PHIPA* and *FIPPA*. In general terms, the Commissioner's mandate is to:

- Independently review the decisions and practices of government organizations concerning access and privacy;
- Independently review the decisions and practices of health information custodians in regard to personal health information;
- Conduct research on access and privacy issues;
- Provide comments and advice on proposed government legislation and programs;
- Review the personal health information policies and practices of entities and prescribed persons under PHIPA; and
- Educate the public about Ontario's access, privacy, and personal health information laws and related issues.

Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) means the agreement between the Minister of Health and Long-Term Care (MOHLTC) and CCO, dated December 2, 2009, which details the relationship between CCO and the MOHLTC.

Personal Health Information (PHI) is "identifying information" collected about an individual as defined in section 4 of *PHIPA*. It includes both identifying information (i.e. name, date of birth, or address) and the information related to one's health or health care history (i.e. family medical history, diagnosis, or health card number). Information is "identifying" when it identifies an individual or when it is reasonably foreseeable in the circumstances that it could be utilized, either alone or with other information, to identify the individual. Anything that links a person's health information to their identity is considered personal health information.

Personal Health Information Protection Act, 2004 (PHIPA) is Ontario's health-specific privacy legislation, which applies to health information custodians. *PHIPA* governs the manner in which personal health information may be collected, used, and disclosed within the health care system.

Prescribed Entity is an entity that is prescribed in the regulations, pursuant to *PHIPA*, section 45, to which a health information custodian is permitted to disclose personal health information for the purpose of analysis or compiling statistical information for the management, evaluation, or monitoring of the allocation of resources to, or planning for, all or part of the health system, including the delivery of services. As a prescribed entity, CCO has the authority to collect, use, and disclose PHI for the purposes of health system planning and management ("planning and management purposes").

Privacy Breach refers to the unauthorized access, collection, use, and/or disclosure of personal information or personal health information, whether accidental or intentional. These include uses or

disclosures of personal health information that contravene CCO's *Privacy Policy*. This term is explained in further detail in CCO's *Privacy Breach Management Procedure*. See also the following related terms: "**Privacy Risk**" and "**Suspected Privacy Breach**."

Privacy Impact Assessment (PIA) is a formal risk management tool used to identify the actual or potential effects that a proposed or existing information system, technology, or program may have on personal health information. It is used to identify potential privacy risks of new or redesigned programs or services. It also helps to eliminate or mitigate those risks. The PIA examines how personal health information is collected, stored, used, and disclosed.

Privacy Leads are the primary point of contact for the CCO Privacy & Access Office on privacy-related matters in CCO's program areas and business units. Their responsibilities include ensuring privacy-sensitive work habits, providing subject-matter expertise on their program area, promoting training and awareness and assisting in breach management activities.

Privacy Risk arises where a CCO staff member has reasonable grounds to believe that a Privacy Breach (as defined above) may occur in the future. This term is explained in further detail in CCO's *Privacy Breach Management Procedure*.

Suspected Privacy Breach arises where a CCO staff member has reasonable grounds to believe that a Privacy Breach (as defined above) has occurred. This term is explained in further detail in CCO's *Privacy Breach Management Procedure*.

Third-Party, as used in this Policy, includes consultants, contractors and third-party service providers.

Use has the meaning set out in section 2 of *PHIPA*. In relation to PHI in the custody or under the control of a HIC or other person (such as CCO), "**use**" means to handle or deal with the information, subject to section 6(1); but does not include to disclose the information, and "**use**", as a noun, has a corresponding meaning.

APPENDIX B

CCO PRIMARY DATA HOLDINGS FOR THE PRESCRIBED ENTITY as at JUNE 2014

Data Holding	Purpose	Data	Source	Data Steward
SAMPLE	 The purpose of the data holding The need for the PHI contained in the data holding in relation to the identified purpose 	This data holding contains the following categories of data: -e.g. clinical data, demographic data, etc.	e.g. CIHI, MOHLTC, etc.	Name, Title and Department of Data Steward
Dyspnea Management Program	 The purpose of the data holding is to securely store data (including PHI) collected from 6 hospital sites for the dyspnea management pilot project. PHI is collected to evaluate the impact that dyspnea management has on lung cancer patients, whether a subset of patients benefit from counselling and to determine if counselling results in any secondary impacts on the health system. 	This dataset contains: -Clinical data -Demographic data	-Hospitals	Nathalie Assouad, Program Manager, Disease Pathway Management Secretariat
Stem Cell Transplant (SCT)	 The purpose of the SCT data set is to support planning, funding and forecasting of stem cell transplants within Ontario. PHI is collected to calculate specific indicators and measures that are required to support the Goals and Objectives framework for the SCT project 	This dataset contains: -Patient Demographic data -Clinical / Stem Cell Transplants data -File Descriptor data	-Hospitals	Rebecca Comrie, Director, Informatics – Centre of Excellence
Brachytherapy Funding Program	 The purpose of this data holding is to provide reimbursement for eligible prostate cancer patients that meet the program guidelines. PHI is collected to ensure there is no duplication of cases, to reimburse eligible patients and to confirm products used when issues/ questions arise. 	This dataset contains: -Clinical data -Demographic data	-Referring physicians	Eric Gutierrez, Program Manager, Radiation Treatment Programs, Clinical Programs

Data Holding	Purpose	Data	Source	Data Steward
Ontario	1. The Symptom	This dataset	-Hospitals	Rebecca
Cancer	Management Reporting	contains:		Comrie,
Symptom	Database was	-Demographic data		Director,
Management	developed in order to	-Clinical data		Informatics -
Collaborative	assess the goal of			Centre of
(OCSMC)	OCSMC, which is to			Excellence
Symptom	improve symptom			
Management	management and			
Reporting	collaborative palliative			
Database	care planning through			
	earlier identification,			
	documentation and			
	communication of			
	patients' symptoms and			
	performance status.			
	PHI is collected to			
	evaluate the provision			
	of symptom			
	management and			
	palliative care planning			
	for cancer patients in			
	Ontario.			
New Drug	The NDFP database	This dataset	-Hospitals	Scott Gavura,
Funding	stores patient and	contains:		Director,
Program	treatment information	- administrative		Provincial Drug
(NDFP)	about systemic therapy	data		Reimbursement
	drug utilization at	- clinical data		Programs
	Ontario hospitals, for	(eligibility criteria)		
	which reimbursement is	- demographic		
	being sought through	data		
	the NDFP according to			
	strict eligibility criteria.			
	2. PHI is collected for CCO			
	NDFP to reimburse			
	hospitals for those			
	patients who have met			
Evidence-	the eligibility criteria. 1. The EBP database	This dataset	-Hospitals	Scott Gavura,
Building	stores patient and	contains:	-i iuspitais	Director,
Program	treatment information	- administrative		Provincial Drug
(EBP)	about systemic therapy	data		Reimbursement
(,	drug utilization at	- clinical data		Programs
	Ontario hospitals, for	(eligibility criteria)		
	which reimbursement is	- demographic		
	being sought through the	data		
	EBP according to strict			
	eligibility criteria.			
	2. PHI is collected for CCO			
	EBP to reimburse			
	hospitals for those			
	patients who have met			
	the eligibility criteria.			

Data Holding	Purpose	Data	Source	Data Steward
Case-by-Case	The CBCRP database	This dataset	-Hospitals	Scott Gavura,
Review Program (CBCRP)	stores patient and treatment information about systemic therapy drug utilization at Ontario hospitals, for which reimbursement is being sought through the CBCRP according to strict eligibility criteria. 2. PHI is collected for CCO CBCRP to reimburse hospitals for those patients who have met the eligibility criteria.	contains: - administrative data - clinical data (eligibility criteria) - demographic data		Director, Provincial Drug Reimbursement Programs
Ontario Positron Emission Tomography Scan Evidence- Based Program (EB- PET Program)	1. The purpose of this data holding is to carry out CCO's mandate to operate the evidence-based PET Scans Ontario Program Information to PET Access Reviewers for adjudication of scans Reimbursement to PET Access Reviewers PET Centres and PET Access Reviewers Provision of information to PET Steering and/or MOHLTC 2. PHI is collected by CCO to: Communicate approved PET scan requests to designated PET Centres. Provide sufficient information for the adjudication process (some demographic and clinical data). Link to other data holdings for reporting and analysis for the evaluation and management of the PET Scans Ontario Program.	This dataset contains: -Clinical data -Patient demographic data -Physician demographic data -Administrative data	-Referring physicians -Diagnostic centres	Rebecca Comrie, Director, Informatics – Centre of Excellence

Data Holding	Purpose	Data	Source	Data Steward
Collaborative	The Collaborative	This dataset	-Ontario Cancer	Mary Jane
Staging	Staging dataset is a standardized set of data elements that describe how far a cancer has spread at the time of diagnosis. It contains patient, tumour and additional disease-site specific factors that together derive the stage of the patient at the time of diagnosis. 2. CCO submits provincial stage data annually to NAACCR and Statistics Canada. Along with data from the Ontario Cancer Registry, cancer stage data is necessary to support cancer system surveillance, planning and management. PHI is necessary to enable comprehensive analysis and for linking to the Ontario Cancer Registry, screening, and treatment data.	contains: - administrative data - clinical data - demographic data - facility data	Registry -Pathology Datamart -Hospital patient health records	King, Manager, Data Management and the Ontario Cancer Registry
Diagnostic Assessment Program (DAP)	The purpose of the data holding is to securely store data (including PHI) collected from all regional cancer programs for DAP oversight. PHI is collected to evaluate the impact DAPs have on patients in the diagnostic phase of the cancer journey.	This data holding contains the following categories of data: - clinical data, demographic data, wait times data, usage data, administrative data	- Hospitals	Haim Sechter, Manager, Cancer Informatics

Purpose	Data	Source	Data Steward
1. The Pathology Database	This dataset	-Hospitals	Mary Jane
			King,
		laboratories	Manager, Data
			Management
			and the Ontario
			Cancer
			Registry
	- lacility data		
2. PHI is used to support			
management decision-			
making, planning,			
_			
	The detect	On and in a long titute	Haim Cashtan
			Haim Sechter,
•			Manager, Cancer
			Informatics
			Informatios
	data		
	- clinical data		
department visits, dialysis			
and cardiology) in Ontario			
hospitals.			
			Haim Sechter,
			Manager,
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Information (CIHI)	Cancer
			Informatics
	0.0		
	- ciii iicai uata		
,			
	1. The Pathology Database is comprised of patient and tumour information for cancer and cancerrelated pathology reports (tissue, cytology), submitted from public hospital (and some commercial) laboratories. ePath documents patient, facility, and report identifiers, and tumour identifiers, and tumour identifiers, such as site, histology and behaviour. 2. PHI is used to support management decisionmaking, planning, disease surveillance and research, as well as contributing to resolved incidence case data in the Ontario Cancer Screening Registry. NACRS contains summary diagnostic and treatment information about patients who have received outpatient surgery or selected other treatments (chemotherapy, emergency department visits, dialysis and cardiology) in Ontario	1. The Pathology Database is comprised of patient and tumour information for cancer and cancerrelated pathology reports (tissue, cytology), submitted from public hospital (and some commercial) laboratories. ePath documents patient, facility, and report identifiers, and tumour identifiers, such as site, histology and behaviour. 2. PHI is used to support management decision-making, planning, disease surveillance and research, as well as contributing to resolved incidence case data in the Ontario Cancer Screening Registry. NACRS contains summary diagnostic and treatment information about patients who have received outpatient surgery or selected other treatments (chemotherapy, emergency department visits, dialysis and cardiology) in Ontario hospitals. DAD contains summary diagnostic and treatment information about patients who have received healthcare services as an inpatient (including acute care, chronic care and rehabilitation care) in	1. The Pathology Database is comprised of patient and tumour information for cancer and cancerrelated pathology reports (tissue, cytology), submitted from public hospital (and some commercial) laboratories. ePath documents patient, facility, and report identifiers, and tumour identifiers, and tumour identifiers, and tumour identifiers, such as site, histology and behaviour. 2. PHI is used to support management decision-making, planning, disease surveillance and research, as well as contributing to resolved incidence case data in the Ontario Cancer Screening Registry. NACRS contains summary diagnostic and treatment information about patients who have received outpatient surgery or selected other treatments (chemotherapy, emergency department visits, dialysis and cardiology) in Ontario hospitals. DAD contains summary diagnostic and treatment information about patients who have received healthcare services as an inpatient (including acute care, chronic care and rehabilitation care) in

Data Holding	Purpose	Data	Source	Data Steward
Ontario	The Ontario Cancer	This dataset	-CIHI (DAD,	Mary Jane
Cancer	Screening Registry	contains:	NACRS)	King,
Registry	(OCSR) is a	- administrative	-ALR (Regional	Manager, Data
Information	computerized database	data	Cancer Centre and	Management
System	of information on all	 clinical data 	Princess Margaret	and the Ontario
(OCSRIS)	Ontario residents who	- demographic	Hospital reporting	Cancer
(OCSKIS)	have been newly diagnosed with cancer ("incidence") or who have died of cancer ("mortality"). All new cases of cancer are registered, except non- melanoma skin cancer. This information is used to support management decision-making, planning, disease surveillance and research. 2. PHI is collected to link records and establish which records belong to which patient. The PHI is frequently required by internal and external researchers. The Canadian Cancer Registry MOU contains the requirement that PHI be included in CCO	- demographic data	through Databook) -PIMS, anatomical pathology reports from Ontario public and private laboratories -Ontario Registrar General's Office, Mortality files enhanced by death certificate notifications from Statistic Canada for Ontario residents deaths in other provinces/territories -Out of Province, notifications from other provinces/territories of Ontario residents diagnosed or treated in the notifying P/T	Registry, Cancer Informatics
	annual submissions of newly diagnosed patients.			
Mortality Data	1. The purpose of this data holding is for CCO to receive mortality data which contains the date of death and cause of death for Ontario residents who have died in Ontario for planning and management purposes. 2. PHI is collected to measure cancer survival.	The dataset contains: - administrative data - demographic data	-Ministry of Government Services -Office of the Registrar General	Mary Jane King, Manager, Data Management and the Ontario Cancer Registry, Cancer Informatics

Data Holding	Purpose	Data	Source	Data Steward
Out of	1. This data holding	This dataset will	-Out of Province	Mary Jane
	1. This data holding contains persons with OCSR reportable diseases. The purpose of these records is to serve as source records to create incident cases for the Enterprise Data Warehouse (EDW)-OCSR. Both alone, and as source records for incident cases, OOP data support management decision-making, planning, disease surveillance and research. 2. PHI is collected to ensure accuracy in linking records in EDW. PHI is used by internal	This dataset will contain: - administrative data - clinical data - demographic data		
Pathology Datamart	and external researchers at the source record level. 1. This data holding is derived from the PIMS data holding and uploaded into the EDW for planning and management purposes. 2. PHI is used to support management decision-making, planning, disease surveillance and research, as well to contribute to resolving incidence case data in the OCSR.	This dataset contains -administrative data -clinical data -demographic data -facility data	-PIMS	Mary Jane King, Manager, Data Management and the Ontario Cancer Registry
RPDB Datamart	The RPDB is a listing of all persons insured under OHIP. This data is used to ensure that individuals in other data sources are identified correctly and to support analysis by demographic groups and geography.	The dataset contains: - Ontario Health Insurance Number - administrative data - demographic data	-Ministry of Health and Long-Term Care	Mary Jane King, Manager, Data Management and the Ontario Cancer Registry

Data Holding	Purpose	Data	Source	Data Steward
Interim	The Interim ATP	The dataset	-OICR	Mary Jane
Annotated	Database provides an	contains:	-CCO's Cancer	King,
Tumour	integrated set of data,	- administrative	Registry	Manager, Data
Project (ATP)	combining tumour	data		Management
Database	information from the	- clinical data		and the Ontario
	Ontario Institute for Cancer Research's	- demographic data		Cancer Registry
	Tumour Bank with			l region y
	CCO's OCSR, for the			
	purpose of increasing			
	the accuracy and utility			
	of the information for			
	both researchers and			
	CCO planners.			
	2. PHI is used by			
	researchers to study the			
	association between			
	genetics and response			
	to cancer drugs. CCO			
	also uses the PHI in this			
	data holding to create			
	clinical guidelines for the			
	care and treatment of			
	cancer patients in			
Ontario Renal	Ontario. 1. The purposes of the	The dataset	-Hospitals	Cathy
Network	ORN data holding are	contains:	-nospitais	Cattaruzza,
(ORN)	Performance	-Clinical data		Director.
(OKN)	measurement and	-Demographic data		Access to Care
	management;	Demographic data		& Ontario
	Monitoring of system			Renal Network
	quality;			Information
	System planning;			Program,
	and			Acting Director,
	CKD funding model			Analytics
	development.			,
	PHI is used to support			
	management decision-			
	making, planning,			
	disease surveillance and			
	research activities.			

Data Holding	Purpose	Data	Source	Data Steward
Wait Times Information System (WTIS)	1. The purpose of this data holding is to enable the monitoring of wait times, the Ontario Wait Time Strategy implemented the web-based Wait Time Information System (WTIS) to facilitate wait time management and to provide the public with wait time information on surgical and diagnostic procedures. 2. PHI is collected from hospitals and the Enterprise Master Patient Index (EMPI) (which interfaces with the WTIS in order to organize patient information) and is used for the planning and management of the health care system.	The dataset contains: - administrative data - clinical data - demographic data	-Hospitals -EMPI	Cathy Cattaruzza, Director, Access to Care & Ontario Renal Network Information Program, Acting Director, Analytics
Emergency Room National Ambulatory Reporting System Initiative (ERNI)	1. The purpose of this data holding is to evaluate ER wait times for provincial ER/ALC Strategy, including but not limited to return on investment, performance improvement, Ministry LHIN Performance Agreements and data quality assessment. 2. PHI is collected to determine and remove duplicate data entry errors from the analysis as well as to calculate percentage of patients returning to an ER within a specified time period as a measure of quality of care and potential negative impact of ER focus.	The dataset contains: - clinical data - demographic data	Hospital sites submit to CIHI-NACRS. Extract of file is transferred securely from CIHI to ATC Informatics within CCO using Tumbleweed	Cathy Cattaruzza, Director, Access to Care & Ontario Renal Network Information Program, Acting Director, Analytics

Data Holding	Purpose	Data	Source	Data Steward
Ontario Laboratory Reporting System (OLIS)	1. To support CCO's ORN and DAP-EPS Programs in accordance with CCO's Data Privacy Agreement with the MOHLTC as a PE, as amended. 2. PHI is required to enable CCO to link OLIS data with its patient records within other PE data holdings – such linkage is required to carry out health analytics.	This dataset contains: -Laboratory test result information from patients across Ontario	MOHLTC (via eHealth Ontario)	Daniela Sabatini (Acting), Senior Manager, Data Management
eOutcomes- H&N	 The purpose of the data holding is to capture and monitor outcomes data for patients with head and neck cancer treated with radiotherapy in a provincial, systematic way. PHI is collected to ensure accurate capture of patients' outcomes post-radiotherapy, and to facilitate the identification of inadvertent duplicate cases. 	This dataset contains: -Clinical data (e.g. outcomes, diagnosis, radiotherapy details) -Demographic data (patient name, MRN)	-Physicians / Data Managers (outcomes) -ALR data (diagnosis, radiotherapy details)	Program Manager, Radiation Treatment Program, Clinical Programs

APPENDIX C

CCO PRIMARY DATA HOLDINGS FOR THE PRESCRIBED REGISTRY as at JUNE 2014

Data Holding	Statement of Purpose	Data	Source	Data Steward
CCC Interim Solution	System no longer used, required for Data migration, Archive and Audit only 1. The purpose of the data holding is to securely store data (including PHI) to support Colon Cancer Check Screening Operations. 2. PHI is collected for CCC client management and operations including, clinical results, direct client interactions and correspondence.	This dataset contains: Clinical data Demographic and address data Call centre operational activities data	MOHLTC Laboratories Fulfillment House Call Centre direct data entry.	Cathy Cattaruzza, Director, Access to Care & Ontario Renal Network Information Program, Acting Director, Analytics
CCC LMS	 The purpose is to support Colon Cancer Check Screening Operations. PHI is collected for data exchange to and from Health Service Providers via secure web portal (OMD) as well as for validation of patient lists and electronic distribution of Provider Reports. 	This dataset contains: Clinical data Client Demographic data Provider Demographic and Address data	CCC - Siebel	Rebecca Comrie, Director, Informatics – Centre of Excellence
CCC - Siebel	1. The purpose of this data holding is to support Integrated Screening Operations, Planning and Performance. 2. Integrated Screening Siebel CRM system. It is a front end system for InScreen client management and operations including, Clinical Results, direct client interaction and Correspondence.	This dataset contains: Clinical data Demographic and address data Call centre operational activities data	MOHLTC (RPDB, HNS, CHDB, CPDB, CAPE) Laboratory (LIRT) Hospital (CIRT) Fulfillment House Statistics Canada (PC to LHIN) Call Center direct data entry	Rebecca Comrie, Director, Informatics – Centre of Excellence
Screening Hub Integration	The purpose of this data holding is to support Integrated Screening Operations, Planning and	This dataset contains: Clinical data Demographic and address	MOHLTC (RPDB, HNS, CHDB, CPDB, CAPE) Laboratory	Rebecca Comrie, Director, Informatics – Centre of

	Performance. 2. InScreen Integration Hub (Customer Data Integration) to support downstream InScreen information and data requirements. E.g. Siebel InScreen and Datamart reporting. Various sources from MOHLTC, Siebel InScreen, StatsCan and CCO are standardized, cleansed and integrated for downstream operations.	data • Call centre operational activities data	(LIRT) Hospital (CIRT) Fulfillment House (Corresponde nce) Statistics Canada (PC to LHIN) Siebel Call Center	Excellence
Screening Hub Stage – CAPE	 The CAPE data set will be used to identify physicians in Ontario who have rostered patients. This information will be used to compile a list of eligible rostered patients who will be invited to participate in the ColonCancerCheck ("CCC") program. 	This dataset contains:	• MOHLTC	Cathy Cattaruzza, Director, Access to Care & Ontario Renal Network Information Program, Acting Director, Analytics
Screening Hub Stage – CHDB	 The claims data received will be used to determine volumes of non-program FOBT kits processed and validating performance of facilities and physicians who have conducted Colonoscopies. It will also be used as criteria for identifying the candidate population for the invitation pilot. 	This dataset contains: • Administrativ e Care • Clinical Data • PHI	• MOHLTC	Cathy Cattaruzza, Director, Access to Care & Ontario Renal Network Information Program, Acting Director, Analytics
Screening Hub Stage – CIRT	 The purpose of this data holding is to understand colonoscopy activity conducted within participating facilities. The data collected through CIRT will be used to understand colonoscopy activity conducted within participating facilities 	This dataset contains: • Administrativ e Care • Clinical Data • PHI	Hospitals	Rebecca Comrie, Director, Informatics – Centre of Excellence

	fuene velves - 100			
	from volume, wait time and quality perspective s. It is also used to determine funding and volume allocations across participating facilities.			
Screening Hub Stage – LIRT	 The purpose of this data holding is to gather information from laboratories on FOBT results. The data collected through the LIRT are FOBT results that is used for (a) generate participant communications; and (b) monitoring and reporting on FOBT volumes, geographic differences, test quality, variations between participating laboratories and highlighting the need for further awareness or education programs. 	 Administrativ e Care Clinical Data PHI 	Laboratories	Cathy Cattaruzza, Director, Access to Care & Ontario Renal Network Information Program, Acting Director, Analytics
Screening Hub Stage - OPDB (Pharmacy Claims)	 The purpose of this data holding is to gather information of FOBT dispensed by pharmacies. This data will be used to evaluate the level of dispensing of FOBT kits at the pharmacies. 		MOHLTC	Cathy Cattaruzza, Director, Access to Care & Ontario Renal Network Information Program, Acting Director, Analytics
Screening Hub Stage - OCSR	1. The OCSR is a computerized database of information on all Ontario residents who have been diagnosed with cancer ("incidence") and/or who have died of cancer ("mortality"). All new cases of cancer are registered, except non-melanoma skin cancer. 2. This information is used to support OCSR by identifying individuals who are ineligible for colorectal and cervical screening.	This dataset contains: • Administrativ e Care • Clinical Data • PHI	CCO as PE	Mary Jane King, Manager, Data Management and the Ontario Screening Registry
Screening Hub	This data holding	The dataset	MOHLTC	Rebecca

0, 5555		T		
Stage - RPDB	contains information from Registered Person Database. This data is used in operationalization of colorectal and cervical screening. 2. This data will be used to identify Ontarians who are eligible and could be invited to participate in the CCC program. It will also be used for identity validation and data linking for client cancer journey assessment.	contains:		Comrie, Director, Informatics – Centre of Excellence
Screening Hub Stage - Siebel	 The purpose of this data holding is to integrate information for InScreen. Recent Client, Address and Screening related activity within Siebel InScreen, required in the Screening Hub for integration purposes. 	The dataset contains: Client demographic s and address information PHI	 Integration Hub Call Centre direct entry 	Rebecca Comrie, Director, Informatics – Centre of Excellence
Primary Care Provider Reporting	 This data holding contains information on primary care providers. This is used to store primary care provider screening activity reports. The reports summarize client level information for providers. 	This dataset contains:	 Integration Hub Siebel 	Rebecca Comrie, Director, Informatics – Centre of Excellence
Ontario Cervical Screening Program (OCSP)	1. The purpose of this data holding is to gather information on pap tests for Ontario women from 1997 onwards. 2. PHI is collected to implement, plan, manage, evaluate, allocate resources to, and report on performance of, the program. PHI is also collected for OCSP client management and operations including, clinical results, direct client interactions and correspondence	This dataset contains: - Administrative data - Clinical data - Demographic data	-CytoBase -RPDB -OCSR	Cathy Cattaruzza, Director, Access to Care & Ontario Renal Network Information Program, Acting Director, Analytics
Cytobase	The purpose of this data holding is: to carry out the mandate of the CSP	This dataset contains: -Demographic data about the	-CytoBase	Rebecca Comrie, Director, Informatics –

	-to facilitate the provision of health care related to cervical cancer screening to allow CCO to notify participants of their results -to maintain the OCSR -to conduct cancer planning and management as well as to perform quality and program management functions.	patient, the requesting physician and the laboratory that assessed the test -Health information number -cervical test result		Centre of Excellence
OCSP - Siebel	The purpose of this data holding is to support Integrated Screening Operations, Planning and Performance. Integrated Screening Siebel CRM system. It is a front end system for InScreen client management and operations including, Clinical Results, direct client interaction and Correspondence.	This dataset contains: Clinical data Demographic and address data Call centre operational activities data	MOHLTC (RPDB, HNS, CHDB, CPDB, CAPE) Cytobase Fulfillment House Statistics Canada (PC to LHIN) Call Center direct data entry	Rebecca Comrie, Director, Informatics – Centre of Excellence
Oracle Business Intelligence Enterprise Edition (OBIEE)	1. The purpose of this data holding is to provide segmentation of data which enables Siebel CRM, via Campaign Management, to generate invitation, reminder, recall and test result notification correspondence for each of the three Cancer Screening modules (CCC, OCSP and OBSP).	This dataset contains: Clinical data Demograp hic and address data Call centre operationa I activities data	This dataset is populated with data from Siebel CRM and the Integration Hub.	Rebecca Comrie, Director, Informatics – Centre of Excellence
Ontario Breast Screening Program (OBSP)	1. The purpose of this data holding is to screen and assess clients in order to operate the program. 2. PHI is collected to implement, plan, manage, evaluate, allocate resources to, and report on performance of, the OBSP. PHI is also collected for OBSP client management and operations, including	This dataset contains: -Clinical data (test(s) and results, clinical history, performance data for OBSP radiologists, nurse examiners, screening sites, and assessment sites; program outcomes data) -Demographic	-Data entry by OBSP sites -OCSR data linkage -Death registry linkage	Rebecca Comrie, Director, Informatics – Centre of Excellence

	clinical results, direct client interactions and correspondence.	data (appointment scheduling, physician contact data, correspondence data)		
Mortality Data	1. The purpose of this data holding is for CCO to receive mortality data which contains the date of death and cause of death for Ontario residents who have died in Ontario for planning and management purposes. 2. PHI is collected to identify cases for the Ontario Cancer Screening Registry and for measuring cancer survival.	The dataset contains: - administrative data - demographic data	-Ministry of Government Services -Office of the Registrar General	Mary Jane King, Manager, Data Management and the Ontario Cancer Registry